## MEDICAL LAB AND MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTIC TECHNOLOGY/MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN

QP: Medical Laboratory Technician

Paper: MDT/MLT-VC-2016

Name (I—Wicrobiology—I) Robert Koch

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Full Marks: 60

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Fill in the blanks of the following: 1×7=7
  - (a) The generation time for E. coli is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) The temperature of liquid nitrogen is
  - (c) MacConkey medium is an example of medium.
  - (d) The process in which all living cells, spores and viruses are completely destroyed from an object is called \_\_\_\_\_.

YX

2x4=8

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- (e) \_\_\_\_ is the most commonly acquired hospital infection.
- (f) The cluster of polar flagella is called
- (g) Blackwater fever is a special manifestation of malaria caused by
- 2. Answer the following questions:  $2\times 4=8$ 
  - (a) Name two contributions of Robert Koch in microbiology.
  - (b) What is the difference between aerobic and anaerobic organisms?
  - (c) Name two opportunistic infections associated with HIV infection.
  - (d) Give two examples of spore-bearing Gram-positive bacilli.
- 3. Answer any three of the following questions:

  5×3=15
  - (a) Write a brief note on the clinical significance of the polio virus.
- (b) Discuss the pathogenicity and complications of malaria caused by Plasmodium vivax. 2+3=5

(Continued)

- (c) What are the sources of Hospital
  Acquired Infections (HAI)? What are the
  universal precautions for bloodborne
  pathogens?
  2+3=5
- (d) Define pure culture. Discuss in brief the serial dilution technique. 1+4=5
- (e) What is a complex stain? In Gram stain, what reagent is used as the mordant and counterstain? How is crystal violet retained by Gram-positive cells? 1+2+2=5
- **4.** Answer any *three* of the following:  $10\times3=30$ 
  - (a) What is microbiology? What type of shape is bacillus? Write in detail about the size, shape and arrangement of bacteria.
  - (b) State Koch's postulates. Write an essay on the applications of microbiology in various fields.

    4+6=10
  - (c) Draw a neat labelled diagram of the bacterial growth curve. Explain the four distinct phases of bacterial growth.

- (d) Explain in detail the morphology, cultural characteristics, laboratory diagnosis and pathogenicity of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. 2+2+3+3=10
- (e) Define disinfectant, antiseptic and sterilization. Describe different methods of sterilization in a medical laboratory.

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3+7=10

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